

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Ice Machine Cleaner

Product code IMC HSNO approval HSR002526

Approval description Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020

UN number 1760 DG class 8

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Lactic acid, citric acid)

Packaging group III Hazchem code 2X

Uses Ice machine cleaner

Company Details

Company GreenEarth Solutions Ltd

Address PO Box 64-125

Botany

Auckland 2163 New Zealand 0064 9 272 4141

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Emergency Telephone Number: 09 272 4141

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Classes Hazard Statements

Eye damage category 1 H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Skin corrosive category 1C H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

STOT* single exposure category 3 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

*STOT - System Target Organ Toxicity

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use. P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.



P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, Response

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Storage P405 - Store locked up

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation. Disposal

Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS/ Identification | Conc (%) |
|-------------|---------------------|----------|
| water | 7732-18-5 | 80% |
| citric acid | 77-92-9 | 10% |
| lactic acid | 50-21-5 | 10% |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a

POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. **Firefighting Measures**

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing Unknown.

substances:

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 2X



6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to

manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent

discharge to storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your

regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Section 10.

Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the

Hazchem code, UN number, Corrosivity warning and name of contents.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA* WES-STEL

Exposure Stds No ingredient listed

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes



Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses.

Skin



Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile or rubber gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.



Respiratory A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use a

respirator with a organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges

are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance clear liquid slight odour Odour рΗ no data Vapour pressure no data **Viscosity** no data **Boiling point** ~100°C Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point no data soluble in water

Solubility soluble in water
Specific gravity / density ~1.0g/ml
Flash point not applicable
Danger of explosion not explosive
Auto-ignition temperature no data
Upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness corrosive

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Strong bases, strong oxidisers

Substance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products
Hazardous reactions

Oxides of carbon

none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause irritation of the mouth and throat.

IF IN EYES: may cause eye damage. IF ON SKIN: may cause burns to the skin.

IF INHALED: vapours may cause respiratory irritation.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >2,000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Citric acid 5040mg/kg (mouse), 3000mg/kg (rat),

Lactic acid 1810mg/kg (guinea pig).
No evidence of dermal toxicity.

Dermal No evidence of dermal toxicity.
Inhaled No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity.

Eye The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients

(lactic and citric acid) present at >3% are considered eye corrosives.

Skin The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the skin, because some of the ingredients

(lactic and citric acid) present at >5% are considered skin corrosives.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a midagen.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions



12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes: Citric acid 1516mg/L (96hr, fish), >440-760 mg/L (96hr, fish),

~120mg/l (72hr, Daphnia magna).

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is not considered harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates, see acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

UN number: 1760 **Proper shipping name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Lactic

acid, citric acid)

Class(es) 8 Packing group:

Precautions: Corrosive liquid Hazchem code: 2X

IMDG

UN number: 1760 **Proper shipping name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Lactic

acid, citric acid)

Class(es) 8 Packing group:

Precautions: Corrosive liquid **EmS** F-A, S-B

IATA

UN number: 1760 **Proper shipping name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Lactic

acid, citric acid)

Class(es) 8 Packing group: III
Precautions: Corrosive liquid ERG Guide 154



15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including

substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use

or have been supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 10000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required.
Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 10000L is stored.

Signage Required if > 1000L is stored.

Location test certificate Not required.
Flammable zone Not required.
Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RESystem Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

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Product Name: Ice Machine Cleaner



References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

DateReason for reviewAugust 2017Not applicable – new SDS

December 2017 Change of class 6.9 (respiratory irritation) to 6.1E (respiratory irritation)

March 2022 5 yearly update

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

